

COLUMBIA COUNTY
LAND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

COURTHOUSE
230 STRAND
ST. HELENS, OREGON 97051
(503) 397-1501

General Application

File No. _____

GENERAL LAND USE PERMIT APPLICATION

TYPE OF PERMIT: _____ Zone Change _____ Temporary Permit
 X Site Design Review _____ Resource Management Plan

APPLICANT: Riley Baker, Columbia County Park Dept. (Applicant) & Brett Khar, Lower Columbia Engineering (Agent)

Mailing address: Riley Baker: 230 Strand Street, St. Helens, OR 97051 (971) 328-2537 riley.baker@columbiacountyor.gov

Brett Kahr: 58640 McNulty Way, St. Helens, OR 97051 (503) 366-0399 brett@lowercolumbiaengr.com

Phone No.: Office _____ Home _____

Are you the _____ property owner? _____ owner's agent?

PROPERTY OWNER: _____ same as above, OR:

Name: Holce Logging Co. Inc.

Mailing Address: PO Box 127, Vernonia, OR 97064

PROPERTY ADDRESS (if assigned): N/A

TAX MAP NUMBER: 4403-00-00100 Acres: 106.5 Zoning: PF-80

_____ Acres: _____ Zoning: _____

_____ Acres: _____ Zoning: _____

PRESENT USES: (farm, forest, bush, residential, etc.)

Use: _____ Approx. Acres

Trail staging area _____ 0.4

Recreational Trail _____ 1.8

Forestry _____ 104.4

Total acres (must agree with above): _____ 106.5

PROPOSED USES:

Trail staging area improvements - addition of 16' x 16' picnic shelter, approximately 10,000 SF paved area lot with 18

standard parking spaces and one ADA space, a 9' x 16' vault toilet, bicycle parking, bicycle repair station, trailhead and historical

information signage, two vegetated stormwater swales, and landscaping along the perimeter including native trees and shrubs .

WATER SUPPLY: _____ Private well.

Is the well installed? ___ Yes ___ No

No water supply needed _____ Community system.

Name _____

METHOD OF SEWAGE DISPOSAL:

_____ Community Sewer. Name _____

Vault toilet. No sewer or septic.

_____ Not applicable.

_____ Septic System.

If Septic, does the subject property already have a system? ___ Yes ___ No

If no, is the property approved for a Septic System? ___ Yes ___ No

CONTIGUOUS PROPERTY: List all other properties you own which have boundary lines touching this property:

<u>Tax Account No.</u>	<u>Acres</u>	<u>Co-owners (if any)</u>
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

CERTIFICATION:

I hereby certify that all of the above statements, and all other documents submitted, are accurate and true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Date: 9/18/2024 Signature: 
Randall E. Holec, Pres.

NOTE: Please attach an accurate and detailed plot plan, including property lines, existing and proposed structures, location of septic tank and drainfield, farm - forest areas, large natural features (cliffs, streams, etc.).

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Planning Department Use Only

Date Rec'd. _____ Hearing Date: _____
Or: Administrative _____

Receipt No. _____ Stormwater & Erosion Control Fees _____

Zoning: _____ Staff Member: _____

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Section 1550 **SITE DESIGN REVIEW**

The Site Design Review process shall apply to all new development, redevelopment, expansion, or improvement of all community, governmental, institutional, commercial, industrial and multi-family residential (4 or more units) uses in the County.

.1 Types of Site Design Review:

Type 1: Projects, developments and building expansions which meet any of the following criteria:

1. are less than 5,000 sq.ft., and are less than 10% of the square footage of an existing structure.
2. Increase the number of dwelling units in a multi-family project.
3. Increase the height of an existing building.

Type 2: Projects, developments and building expansions which meet any of the following criteria:

1. have an area of 5,000 sq.ft. or more, or are 10% or more of the square footage of an existing structure.
2. Change the category of use (e.g., commercial to industrial, etc.).
3. New off-site advertising signs or billboards.
4. Any project meeting any of the Type 2 criteria shall be deemed a Type 2 Design Review application.

.2 Design Review Process: The Planning Director shall review and decide all Type 1 Site Design Review applications. The Planning Commission shall review all Type 2 Design Review applications. Applications shall be processed in accordance with Sections 1600 and 1700 of this ordinance.

.3 Pre-application Conference: A pre-application conference is required for all projects applying for a Site Design Review, unless the Director or his/her designate determines it is unnecessary. The submittal requirements for each application are as defined in this section and the standards of the applicable zone, and will be determined and explained to the applicant at the pre-application conference.

.4 Pre-application Conference Committee: The committee shall be appointed by the Planning Director and shall consist of at least the following officials, or their designated staff members. Only affected officials need to be present at each pre-application conference.

- a) The County Planning Director.
- b) The County Director of Public Works.
- c) The Fire Marshal of the appropriate Rural Fire District.

- d) The County Building Official.
- e) The County Sanitarian.
- f) A city representative, for projects inside Urban Growth Boundaries.
- g) Other appointees by the Planning Director, such as an Architect, Landscape Architect, real estate agent, appropriate officials, etc.

.5 Submittal documents: The following documents, when applicable, are required for a Site Design Review. The scope of the drawings and documents to be included will be determined at the pre-application conference by the Pre-application Conference Committee, and a Site Design Review Submittal Checklist will be given to the applicant, documenting which items are deemed not applicable or not necessary to determine compliance with County and State standards, with a short explanation given for each item so determined.

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- A. History.
 - B. Project narrative.
 - C. Existing site plan.
 - D. Proposed site plan.
 - E. Grading plan.
 - F. Drainage plan.
 - G. Wetland mitigation plan.
 - H. Landscaping plan.
 - I. Architectural plans.
 - J. Sign drawings.
 - K. Access, parking and circulation plan.
 - L. Impact assessment.
 - M. Site Design Review Submittal Checklist.

.6 Site Plan Submittal and Analysis: The applicant shall submit an application and any necessary supplemental information as required by this ordinance to the Land Development Services Department. The Planning Director or designate shall review the application and check its completeness and conformance with this ordinance. Once a Type 2 application is deemed complete, it shall be scheduled for the earliest possible hearing before the Planning Commission. A staff report shall be prepared and sent to the applicant, the Planning Commission, and any interested party requesting a copy.

.7 Planning Director Review: All Type 1 design review applications will be processed by the Planning Director or designate according to Sections 1601, 1602 and 1609 of this ordinance. If the Director determines that the proposed development meets the provisions of this ordinance, the director may approve the project and may attach any reasonable conditions.

.8 Planning Commission Review: The Planning Commission shall hold a public hearing for all Type 2 Design Review applications according to Sections 1603, 1604 and 1608 of this ordinance. If the Planning Commission determines that the proposed development meets the provisions of this ordinance, it may approve the project. The Planning Commission may attach any reasonable conditions to its approval of a site plan.

.9 Compliance: Conditions placed upon the development of a site are also placed upon

any building permits issued for the same site. These conditions shall be met by the developer prior to an occupancy permit being issued by the Building Official, or as an alternative, a bond shall be posted equal to 125% of the estimated cost of the unfinished work, to ensure completion within 1 year of occupancy. If all improvements are not completed within the 1-year bond period, the County may use the bond to complete the work.

.10 Existing Site Plan: The degree of detail in the existing site plan shall be appropriate to the scale of the proposal, or to special site features requiring careful design. An existing site plan shall include the following, unless it is determined by the Planning Director that the information is not applicable or is not necessary to determine compliance with County and State standards, and a short explanation will be given for each item so determined:

- A. A vicinity map showing location of the property in relation to adjacent properties, roads, pedestrianways and bikeways, and utility access. Site features, manmade or natural, which cross property boundaries are to be shown.
- B. A site description map at a suitable scale (i.e. 1"=100'; 1"=50'; or 1"=20') showing parcel boundaries and gross area, including the following elements, when applicable:
 - 1. Contour lines at the following minimum intervals:
 - a. 2 foot intervals for slopes 0-20%;
 - b. 5 or 10 foot intervals for slopes exceeding 20%;
 - c. Identification of areas exceeding 35% slope.
 - 2. In special areas, a detailed slope analysis may be required. Sources for slope analysis include maps located at the U.S. Natural Resources Conservation Service office.
 - 3. Potential natural hazard areas, including potential flood or high ground water, landslide, erosion, and drainage ways. An engineering geologic study may be required.
 - 4. Wetland areas, springs, wildlife habitat areas, wooded areas, and surface features such as mounds and large rock outcroppings.
 - 5. Streams and stream corridors.
 - 6. Location, species and size of existing trees proposed to be removed.
 - 7. Significant noise sources.
 - 8. Existing structures, improvements, utilities, easements and other development.

9. Adjacent property structures and/or uses.

.11 Proposed Site Plan: A complete application for design review shall be submitted, including the following plans, which may be combined, as appropriate, onto one or more drawings, unless it is determined by the Planning Director that the information is not applicable or is not necessary to determine compliance with County and State standards, and a short explanation will be given for each item so determined:

A. Site Plan: The site plan shall be drawn at a suitable scale (i.e. 1"=100', 1"=50', or 1"=20') and shall include the following:

1. The applicant's entire property and the surrounding area to a distance sufficient to determine the relationships between the applicant's property and proposed development and adjacent properties and developments.
2. Boundary lines and dimensions of the property and all proposed property lines. Future buildings in phased development shall be indicated.
3. Identification information, including names and addresses of project designers.
4. Natural features which will be utilized in the site plan.
5. Location, dimensions and names of all existing or platted roads or other public ways, easements, and railroad rights-of-way on or adjacent to the property, city limits, section lines and corners, and monuments.
6. Location and dimensions of all existing structures, improvements, or utilities to remain, and structures to be removed, all drawn to scale.
7. Historic structures, as designated in the Comprehensive Plan.
8. Approximate location and size of storm water retention or detention facilities and storm drains.
9. Location and exterior dimensions of all proposed structures and impervious surfaces.
10. Location and dimension of parking and loading areas. pedestrian and bicycle circulation, and related access ways. Individual parking spaces shall be shown.
11. Orientation of structures, showing entrances and exits.
12. All exterior lighting, showing type, height, wattage, and hours of use.
13. Drainage, including possible adverse effects on adjacent lands.
14. Service areas for waste disposal and recycling.

15. Noise sources, with estimated hours of operation and decibel levels at the property boundaries.
16. A landscaping plan which includes, if applicable:
 - a. Location and height of fences, buffers, and screening;
 - b. Location of terraces, decks, shelters, play areas, and common open spaces;
 - c. Location, type, size, and species of existing and proposed shrubs and trees; and
 - d. A narrative which addresses soil conditions and erosion control measures.

B. Grading Plans: A preliminary grading plan indicating where and to what extent grading will take place, including general contour lines, slope ratios, slope stabilization proposals, and natural resource protection proposals.

C. Architectural Drawings:

1. Building elevations and sections;
2. Building materials (color and type);
3. Floor plan.

D. Signs: (see also Zoning Ordinance Section 1300)

1. Freestanding sign:

- a. Location of sign on site plan;
- b. Elevation of sign (indicate size, total height, height between bottom of sign and ground, color, materials, and means of illumination).

2. On-Building Sign:

- a. Building elevation with location of sign (indicate size, color, materials and means of illumination);
- b. Plot plan showing location of signs on building in relation to adjoining property.

.12 Landscaping: Buffering, Screening and Fencing:

A. General Provisions:

1. Existing plant materials on a site shall be protected to prevent erosion.

Existing trees and shrubs may be used to meet landscaping requirements if no cutting or filling takes place within the dripline of the trees or shrubs.

2. All wooded areas, significant clumps or groves of trees, and specimen conifers, oaks or other large deciduous trees, shall be preserved or replaced by new plantings of similar size or character.

B. Buffering Requirements:

1. Buffering and/or screening are required to reduce the impacts on adjacent uses which are of a different type. When different uses are separated by a right of way, buffering, but not screening, may be required.
2. A buffer consists of an area within a required setback adjacent to a property line, having a width of up to 10 feet, except where the Planning Commission requires a greater width, and a length equal to the length of the property line adjacent to the abutting use or uses.
3. Buffer areas shall be limited to utilities, screening, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and landscaping. No buildings, roads, or parking areas shall be allowed in a buffer area.
4. The minimum improvements within a buffer area shall include:
 - a. One row of trees, or groupings of trees equivalent to one row of trees. At the time of planting, these trees shall not be less than 10 feet high for deciduous trees and 5 feet high for evergreen trees, measured from the ground to the top of the tree after planting. Spacing of trees at maturity shall be sufficient to provide a year-round buffer.
 - b. In addition, at least one 5-gallon shrub shall be planted for each 100 square feet of required buffer area.
 - c. The remaining area shall be planted in grass or ground cover, or spread with bark mulch or other appropriate ground cover (e.g. round rock). Pedestrian and bicycle paths are permitted in buffer areas.

C. Screening Requirements:

1. Where screening is required, the following standards shall apply in addition to those required for buffering:
 - a. A hedge of evergreen shrubs shall be planted which will form a four-foot high continuous screen within two years of planting; or,
 - b. An earthen berm planted with evergreen plant materials shall be provided which will form a continuous screen six feet in height within two years. The unplanted portion of the berm shall be

planted in lawn, ground cover or bark mulch; or,

- c. A five foot or taller fence or wall shall be constructed to provide a continuous sight obscuring screen. Fences and walls shall be constructed of any materials commonly used in the construction of fences and walls such as wood, brick, or other materials approved by the Director. Corrugated metal is not an acceptable fencing material. Chain link fences with slats may be used if combined with a continuous evergreen hedge.

2. When the new use is downhill from the adjoining zone or use being protected, the prescribed heights of required fences, walls, or landscape screening along the common property line shall be measured from the actual grade of the adjoining property at the common property line. This requirement may be waived by the adjacent property owner.
3. If four or more off-street parking spaces are required, off-street parking adjacent to a public road shall provide a minimum of four square feet of landscaping for each lineal foot of street frontage. Such landscaping shall consist of landscaped berms or shrubbery at least 4 feet in total height at maturity. Additionally, one tree shall be provided for each 50 lineal feet of street frontage or fraction thereof.
4. Landscaped parking areas may include special design features such as landscaped berms, decorative walls, and raised planters.
5. Loading areas, outside storage, and service facilities must be screened from adjoining properties.

 D. Fences and Walls:

1. Fences, walls or combinations of earthen berms and fences or walls up to four feet in height may be constructed within a required front yard. Rear and side yard fences, or berm/fence combinations behind the required front yard setback may be up to six feet in height.
2. The prescribed heights of required fences, walls, or landscaping shall be measured from the lowest of the adjoining levels of finished grade.
3. Fences and walls shall be constructed of any materials commonly used in the construction of fences and walls such as wood, brick, or other materials approved by the Director. Corrugated metal is not an acceptable fencing material. Chain link fences with slats may be used if combined with a continuous evergreen hedge.

- E. Re-vegetation: Where natural vegetation or topsoil has been removed in areas not occupied by structures or landscaping, such areas shall be replanted to prevent erosion.

.13 Standards for Approval:

The Planning Commission or Director shall make a finding with respect to each of the following criteria when approving, approving with conditions, or denying an application:

- A. Flood Hazard Areas: See CCZO §1100, Flood Hazard Overlay Zone. All development in Flood Hazard Areas must comply with State and Federal Guidelines.
 - B. Wetlands and Riparian Areas: Alteration of wetlands and riparian areas shall be in compliance with State and Federal laws.
 - C. Natural Areas and Features: To the greatest practical extent possible, natural areas and features of the site shall be preserved.
 - D. Historic and Cultural sites and structures: All historic and culturally significant sites and structures identified in the Comprehensive Plan, or identified for inclusion in the County Periodic Review, shall be protected if they still exist.
 - E. Lighting: All outdoor lights shall be shielded so as to not shine directly on adjacent properties and roads.
 - F. Energy Conservation: Buildings should be oriented to take advantage of natural energy saving elements such as the sun, landscaping and land forms.
 - G. Transportation Facilities: Off-site auto and pedestrian facilities may be required by the Planning Commission, Planning Director or Public Works Director consistent with the Columbia County Road Standards and the Columbia County Transportation Systems Plan.
- .14 Final Site Plan Approval: If the Planning Director or Planning Commission approves a preliminary site plan, the applicant shall finalize all the site drawings and submit them to the Director for review. If the Director finds the final site plan conforms with the preliminary site plan, as approved by the Director or Planning Commission, the Director shall give approval to the final site plan. Minor differences between the preliminary site plan and the final site plan may be approved by the Director. These plans shall be attached to the building permit application and shall become a part of that permit.

FINAL EROSION CONTROL PLAN

A final erosion control plan shall contain the information outlined below. The information shall be shown on one or more plan sheets that are drawn to scale. Narrative information can be included as notes on the plans.

Existing Conditions Plan showing:

1. The information provided for the preliminary erosion plan is sufficient, assuming that information accurately reflects the current state of the site. If significant changes have occurred to the site, a revised existing conditions plan is required.

Site Plan showing:

- Property boundaries, both existing and proposed, with dimensions.
- For commercial, multi-family, and industrial subdivisions, approximate locations of proposed structures on the site.

Erosion Control Plan showing:

- Locations and sizes (Areas or lengths) of erosion measures proposed to be used on the site during construction and after construction is completed.
- Maintenance schedule for insuring the erosion control measures continue to function as they are designed to function.
- For those measures requiring sizing calculations, a summary of the design calculations.
- This summary can be submitted in report form rather than shown on the plans.
- Contingency plan discussing additional erosion control measures to be applied if the proposed measures fail or are insufficient to control erosion.
- Discussion of how the site will be secured to prevent stormwater and erosion measures for being vandalized. A security fence with a locked gate or an on-site security guard are examples of methods to secure a large site.

FINAL STORMWATER PLAN

Purpose

The final stormwater plan provides the final design and analysis of stormwater facilities on the site. The final stormwater plan consists of engineering construction plans and a detailed discussion, in report form, of the various aspects of stormwater design on the project.

Format

Engineering Plans

Plans shall be stamped, signed, and dated by an engineer.

Typically engineering plans for a project shall contain, at a minimum, the sheets listed below. However, the engineer has the discretion to organize the plans differently, as long as the content requirements are met which include:

1. Site Plan
 - Grading and erosion Control Plan
 - Stormwater Plan
 - Stormwater and Erosion Control Details

Stormwater Report

The stormwater report shall be stamped, signed, and dated by an engineer

The report shall be bound in a notebook or other type of binder. Drawing larger than 8 ½ X 11 can be attached to the report.

Detailed computations and software printouts utilized in the runoff analysis shall be included in the report appendix

Portions of the contents may be excluded, with county approval, if not applicable to the project.

Contents

Engineering Plans

The engineering plan set shall contain the following information:

- Existing and proposed property boundaries, easements, and right-of-ways, including stormwater easements.
- Existing and proposed topography in 2-foot contours, unless site topography makes a different contour interval more appropriate.
- Existing drainage features including streams, ditches, ponds, flood plains, and wetlands, on or adjacent to the site.
- Drainage flow routes through and on the site, including existing discharge points to and from the site.
- Proposed buildings, pavement areas, and other impervious surfaces.
- Proposed stormwater treatment and runoff control facilities, in plan and cross-section.
- Lengths and rim elevations of storm manholes.

- Cross sections and lengths of proposed open channel conveyance systems.
- Existing and proposed utilities.
- Existing and proposed on-site sewage disposal systems;
- Details of erosion control measures proposed.
- Details with sizes, lengths, and inverts for any orifices or weirs used for flow control.

Stormwater Report

The stormwater report set shall contain the following information:

Maps:

- Site location map,
At a minimum a USGS 7.5 minute topo series map shall be used showing site boundaries or site location for small sites and contributing drainage areas to the site.
- Soils map with site identified.
- Flood plain map with the site highlighted, if the site is in a flood plain.

Project Overview:

- Discussion of project scope and timing.
- Description of drainage to and from adjacent properties.
- Overview of methods used to mitigate stormwater impacts.
- Discussion of software and models used for computing runoff.
- If project went through an earlier review by the County, list approval conditions related to stormwater and describe how final plan meets conditions.
- List additional permits (e.g., wetland, flood plain, etc.) that may be required for the project and discuss any impacts these permits have on the proposed stormwater facilities.

Pre-Development Analysis

- Tabulate and discuss parameters impacting pre-development runoff calculations including curve numbers, impervious surface areas, slopes, and soil types and groups.
- Compute and tabulate pre-development flows for the 2, 10, and 100-year storms for the various discharge points from the site.
- Compute and tabulate existing off-site flows entering the site for the 2, 10, and 100-year storms.
- Compute and tabulate off-site flows for the 2, 10, and 100-year storms at build-out, if these flows will be different than the existing flows.
- Show on a map the point and basins included in the calculations.

Post Development Analysis

- Tabulate and discuss parameters impacting post-development runoff calculations including curve numbers, impervious surface areas, slopes, and soil types and

groups.

- Compute and tabulate post-development flows for the 2, 10, and 100-year storms for the various discharge points from the site.
- Compute the water quality storm flows that are required to be treated
- Compute and tabulate runoff flows that are required to be detained for the 2, 10, and 100-year storms at the various discharge points from the site.

Runoff Treatment

- Identify water quality storm runoff that will be treated
- Describe runoff treatment method to be utilized.
- List design parameters utilized to size runoff treatment facilities

Runoff Quality Control

- Tabulate flow rates that are allowed to leave the site based on pre and post development runoff analysis and the requirements in this ordinance.
- Describe runoff quality control methods to be utilized.
- List design parameters utilized to size runoff treatment facilities.
- Compute and tabulate peak flow rates, storage volumes, and ponding elevations for all design storms.
- If infiltration of runoff is proposed: Identify on-site soil types and discuss their suitability for the project; identify seasonal high water table elevations in relevant areas; identify on-site septic systems and discuss the impact of proposed infiltration facilities on these sewage systems; and discuss infiltration rates based on soil tests conducted by a geotechnical engineer.

Conveyance System

- Identify criteria used in sizing conveyance system.
- Compute and tabulate design flows, velocities, and conveyance capabilities for all parts of the proposed conveyance system.

Maintenance

- Identify who will maintain all parts of the stormwater system after completion.
- Describe operation and maintenance procedures for runoff treatment and quantity control facilities.

Appendix

- Include any report and permits associated with the site that impact stormwater runoff analysis. Examples of these types of reports include: geotechnical and soil reports, wetland delineations, floodplain analysis, groundwater studies, wetland fill permits, and other applicable permits.

Form #7

02/01/02

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